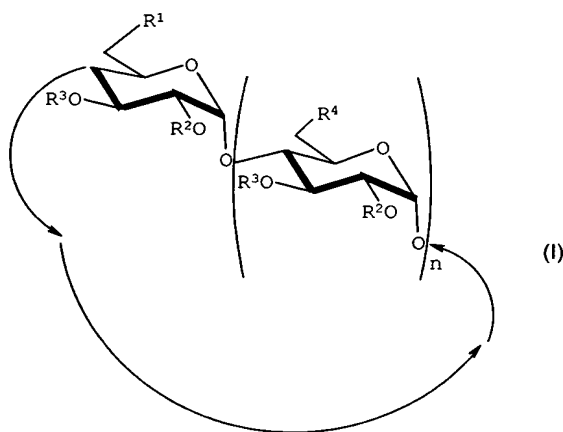


ABSTRACT

The invention relates to cyclodextrin derivatives of formula (I):



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in which:

- $R^1 = -NH-E-AA-(L^1)_p(L^2)_q$

where E = a linear or branched C_1-C_{15} hydrocarbon-based group with, optionally, one or more hetero atoms;
 10 AA = the residue of an amino acid; L^1 and L^2 = a C_6-C_{24} hydrocarbon-based group with, optionally, one or more hetero atoms; p and q = 0 or 1, at least one being $\neq 0$;

- $R^2 = H, -CH_3, \text{isopropyl, hydroxypropyl, sulphobutyl}$
 15 ether;

- $R^3 = H \text{ or } R^2, \text{ except when } R^2 = \text{hydroxypropyl};$

- all the $R^4 = -OH \text{ or } R^2, \text{ except when}$
 $R^2 = \text{hydroxypropyl, or at least one of the } R^4 = R^1;$

- $n = 5, 6 \text{ or } 7.$

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The invention also relates to a process for preparing them, and to inclusion complexes and organized surfactant systems comprising them.